

Book 1.

1234

BOOK 1234

No. 1234

BOOK 1234

Retacement
4-671

FIELD NOTES

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

6th Standard Par. North
thro Ranges 3, 4, 5 & 6 East.

See Retacement by Gander
(in 402) thro R & E thro 4th

See Retacement by Gander
(in 402) thro R & E thro 4th

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Sixth Standard Parallel with

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No. 1234

First Notes
of the retracement of the
Sixth Standard Parallel North
through
Ranges Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 East
of the
Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian
in the
Territory of Arizona
as surveyed by
Francis W. Sway
U. S. Deputy Surveyor
Charles E. Perkins,
Compassman and U. S. Deputy Surveyor.
Under contract No. 31.
Dated June 7, 1893.

Survey commenced April 27, 1894
Survey completed May 1, 1894.

Sixth Standard Parallel

chs. Survey commenced April 27th, 1894, with a W. & L. E. Survey solar transit, at the Standard cor. to Sp. 25 N. R. 2 and 3 E. I set my transit over this cor. and direct to the picket set by me April 13th and find its magnetic bearing to be $140^{\circ} 48' W.$ and the variation $14^{\circ} 36' E.$ The mean variation is $14^{\circ} 33' E.$

As per my special instruction page 10 I begin at Standard cor. to Sp. 25 N. R. 2 and 3 E as heretofore described, Thence I run

North, through Range 3 East

Chs. East on a random line
on S. bdy of sec. 31.

Var. $14^{\circ}33'$ East.

Over broken land, through
dense cedar bush.

Descent 40 ft.

10.00 Foot of descent.

11.00 Leave dense bush, enter
scattering bush.

Thence over rolling land.

14.90 Road, course N.E. and S.W.

39.00 Road, course N. and S.

40.49 at this point the original
cor. lrs. S. 14 lrs. dist.

Therefore the true course
to it is $S 89^{\circ}48' E$.

I find a stone firmly set,
marked $\frac{1}{4}$ on N. face,
with mound of stone,

Sixth Standard Parallel

chs alongside, from which
a Pinon 8 ins diam.
brs. N. $70^{\circ} 41'$ E. 52 lks.

dist marked S.C. $\frac{1}{4}$ B. B.T.

I marked this stone S.C.
on N. face, and enlarged
marks of stone to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
high, 3 ft. base,

Thence I run from $\frac{1}{4}$ sec.
Stand. cor.

East on a random line

Var. $140^{\circ} 86'$ East.

At this point the variation
decreases on account of
local attraction.

over rolling land.

41.00 Enter dense cedar brush.

72.00 Leave dense brush,
enter scattering brush.

North thro. Range 3 East.

chs.

*81.43

at this point the original
standards run to sec. 31 and
32, hrs. S. 28 lks. dist.

Therefore the true course to it is
S. $89^{\circ} 36'$ E.

I find a stone firmly set
and marked with 5 notches
on E. and 1 notch on W.

edges, with mound of
stone, from which
a Pine 6 ins. diam. hrs.
N. $33^{\circ} 55'$ E. 39 lks. dist.

marker T. 25 N. R 3 E. S 32-B.T.

I marked stone S.C. on
N. face, and enlarged
mound of stone to 2 ft
high, $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft base.

Land, rolling.

Soil, stony, 200 yds north

Sixth Standard Parallel

chs. No timber; cedar and
 piñon brush.
 Dense cedar and piñon
 brush, 42 chs.

East on random line
 on S. bdy of sec. 32.

Var. $17^{\circ} 33'$ East.

At this point the var-
 iation increases on
 account of local attraction
 over rolling land.

3.00 Descend gradually 45 ft.
 25.00 Foot of descent
 30.10 Wash, 5 ft. deep, course N.W.
 33.00 Enter small open park
 40.26 at this point the original
 1/4 sec. cor. br. S. 58 lks.
 dist.

North through Range 3 East

chq.

Therefore the true course to it is $S. 89^{\circ} 10'$ East.

This cor. is a sand stone, firmly set and properly marked as described in the field notes furnished by the Surveyor General, with the exception of no mark of S.C. I mark S.C. on N. face of stone. Thence I run from standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.

East on a random line
Var. $16^{\circ} 00'$ East.

at this point the variation decreases on account of local attraction. Ascend gradually 20 ft

Sixth Standard Parallel

chs.

- 49.00 Leave open park, enter scattering cedar
- 52.00 Top of ascent.
- 62.00 Leave scattering brush enter open park
- 80.00 Leave park, enter thick cedar bush.
- 80.54 at this point the original standard cor. to secs 32 and 33 hrs. S. 1.14 chs. dist.

Therefore the true course to it is
 $S 88^{\circ} 22' E$.

I find a post firmly set and properly marked, and mound of stone partially destroyed.

The bearing tree described in the field notes furnish-

North through Range 3 East (cont)

cho

ed by the Surveyor General
 being blown down and
 decayed, I mark for a
 bearing tree,
 a Pine 10 ins. diam. which
 bro. S. $64^{\circ} 55'$ E. 77 lbs dist.
 marked T. 25 N. R. 3 E. S. C. S. 32 and
 33 B.T.

I rebuilt mound of stone
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft high, 2 ft base, around
 post.

Land, rolling.

Soil, stony, 25+ 3^d rate

No timber; cedar and prairie brush.

Dense cedar brush, 54 lbs.

East on a random line
 on S. body of Sec 33.

Var. $140^{\circ} 47'$ East.

Sixth Standard Parallel North

chs. at this point the variation
decreases on account of
local attraction.

Over rolling land, through
dense brush.

7.00 Road, course N. E. and S. W.
Leave dense brush, enter
scattering brush.

12.00 Leave scattering brush,
enter dense brush.

32.00 Leave dense brush, enter
open park.

40.27 at this point the original
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. b.s. S. 54 chs.
dist.

Therefore the course to it is.

S. 89° 14' E.

I find a sand stone firmly
set and properly marked

through range 3 East (contd)

obs. and witnessed as described
in the field notes furnished
by Surveyor General,
except, there was no S.C.
on B.T.

I marked S.C. on B.T.

Thence I run from the
standard $1/4$ sec. cor.

East on a random line

50.00 Leave open park, enter
dense brush

ascend gradually 40 ft.

67.00 Top of ascent, ridge, course
N and S.

80.73 at this point the original
Standard cor. to secs 33 and
34, hrs. S 88 lbs dist.

Therefore the course to it is
S 88° 44' E.

Sixth Standard Parallel North

chs. I find a stone firmly set
and properly marked as
described in field notes
furnished by the Sur-
veyor General; from
which

a Pinon 8 ins diam. has

N. $15^{\circ} 21'$ E. 83 lks dist

marked T. 25 N. R. 3 E. S. 34 B. T

a Pinon 9 ins diam. has

S. $33^{\circ} 28'$ E. 44 lks dist

marked T. 25 N. R. 3 E. S. C., to

which I add S 33 and 34 B. T.

Land, rolling

Soil, 25 and 325 rate.

No timber, cedar and pinon brush.

Dense brush, 57.73 chs.

East on a random line

through Range 3 East (contd)

chs. on S. body of sec. 34

Var. $130^{\circ} 37'$ East

at this point the variation decreases on account of local attraction.

over rolling land

Descent 20 ft.

340 Foot of descent, leave dense brush, enter scattering brush.

40.69 at this point the original $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. b. S. 156 chs.

Therefore the course to it is $S. 87^{\circ} 48' E.$

I find a stone firmly set and properly marked as described in the field notes furnished by Sumner General, which I mark with S.C. on N. face,

Sixth Standard Parallel North

chs. from which
 a Pinion 10 ins. diam.
 hrs. $N. 46^{\circ} 28' W. 46$ chs.
 dist marked S.C. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. S.T.
 Thence I run from
 Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
 East on a random line
 over rolling land.

81.10 At this point the original standard cor. to
 secs. 34 and 35, hrs. $N. 28$
 chs. dist.

Therefore the course to it is
 $N. 89^{\circ} 36' E.$

I find a stone firmly set
 and properly marked as
 described in the field
 notes furnished by the
 Surveyor General,

through Range 3 East (cont'd)

chs. from which
 a Pinon 8 ins. diam. - bro.
 $N. 84^{\circ} 55' E.$ 41 lks. dist.
 marker T. 25 N R. 3 E. S. 35 O.T.
 Land, nearly level
 Soil, stony, 2^o and 4th rate
 No timber, cedar and pinon bush.
 Dense brush, 3.45 chs.

East on a random line
 on S body of sec. 35
 $Var. 14^{\circ} 58' E.$

at this point the variation
 increased on account of
 local attraction
 over rolling land, through
 dense brush.

3.00 Leave cedar bush.

19.00 ascent 25 ft.

South Standard Parallel North

chs.

- 20.00 Enter scattering cedar
- 30.00 Top of ascent
- 40.27 at this point the original
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. bro. β . 15 lbs
 dist

Therefore the course to it is
 β $89^{\circ} 47' E$.

Having found a small
 mound of stone but no
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. stone, I reestablish
 this cor. by setting a
 malpais stone $14 \times 10 \times 8$
 ins. 9 ins. in the ground
 for standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
 marked β . C. $\frac{1}{4}$ on N. face,
 and raised a mound of
 stone $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, 7 ft.
 base, alongside. Pits
 impracticable.

through Range 3 East (contd)

- chs. Thence I run from
 Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
 East on a random line
- 65.00 Leave scattering brush
 enter open park.
- 66.00 Leave park, enter scattering
 cedar brush
- 80.64 at this point the original
 Standard cor. to secs. 35 and
 36; hrs. b. 40 lks. dist
 Therefore the course to it is
 $S. 59^{\circ} 26' E.$
- I find a stone firmly set
 and properly marked as
 described in the field
 notes furnished by the
 Surveyor General,
 from which
 a Pinon 10 ins diam.

Sixth Standard Parallel North

chs. $\text{brs. N. } 60^{\circ} \text{ W. } 23 \text{ chs. dist}$
 market T. 25 N. R. 3 E. S. 35 BT.

Land, nearly level.

Soil, stony, 2nd and 3rd rate.

No timber, cedar and pine
 brush,

Dense cedar brush 3 chs.

East on a random line
 on S bdy of sec. 36.

Var. $140^{\circ} 06' \text{ E.}$

at this point the vari-
 ation decreases on
 account of local at-
 traction.

over rolling land.

2.00 Descent gradually 15 ft.

10.00 Foot of descent

20.00 Descent 50 ft.

through Range 3 East (cont'd)

lho

26.30 Foot of descent

Ravine, 3 ft deep, course N.W.
 ascent 00 ft.

40.16

at this point the original
 Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. lho.

S. 97 lho. dist.

Therefore the course to it is

S. 88° 37' E.

I find a stone firmly set
 marked $\frac{1}{4}$ on N. face, with
 marks of stone alongside,

No B.C. marked on stone,

I therefore mark B.C. on
 N. face, from which

a Pine 18 ins diam. lho.

N. 90° 29' E. 24 lho. dist.

marked B.C. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. B.T.

Thence I run from Standard

$\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.

Sixth Standard Parallel North

- | | |
|-------|--|
| chs. | East on a random line
Var. $13^{\circ}11'$ East.
at this point the variation decreased on account of local attraction over rolling land. |
| 51.00 | Top of ascent, and descent
40 ft. |
| 58.00 | Foot of descent.
ascent 30 ft. |
| 67.00 | Top of ascent.
Descent 30 ft. |
| 73.00 | Foot of descent. |
| 80.68 | at this point the original standard con. to Tps. 25 N. R. 3 and 4 East, bis S. 11 lks. dist.
Therefore the course to it is
$S 89^{\circ}51' E$ |

through Range 3 East (contd)

cha I find a post firmly set
and properly marked, but
no pits or mound of earth
as described in the field
notes furnished by Surveyor
General. I dug pits $24 \times$
 18×12 ins. crosswise of
each line N, E, and W.
of post, 6 ft. dist. and
raised a mound of earth
 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, 5 ft. base,
around post.

Land, rolling.

Soil, stony, 20 and 35 rate.

No timber, scattering cedar
and prairie brush.

April 27th, 1894.

Sixth Standard north

cho.

80.00

at this point the original
standard cor to sec 31 and
32, b's N. 15 lks dist

Therefore the course to it is
N. 89° 47' E.

I find a stone firmly
set and properly marked
as described in the field
notes furnished by the
Surveyor General; from
which

a Pine 12 ins. diam. b's.

N. 28° 53' W. 103 lks dist

marked T. 25 N. R. 4 E. S. 31 B.T

a Pine 8 ins. diam. b's.

N. 43° 10' E. 11 lks dist

marked T. 25 N. R. 4 E. S. 32 B.T.

Land rolling.

Soil, stony, 30 and 4th rate.

through S. 4 East. contd

chs No timber, cedar and pinon
bush.

Dense brush, 32-36 chs-

East on a random line
on S. bdy of Sec. 32.

Var 1334' East.

ever rolling land.

3.00 Enter scattering pine.

40.19 at this point the original
1/4 sec cor. hrs. I go 200
dist.

Therefore the course to it is
S 88° 53' E.

I find a post properly
marked and sound, lying
on the ground. I therefore
reset post 12 ins. in the
ground, dug pits 18x18x

Sixth Standard North

- chs 12 ins. E. and W. of post,
 3 1/2 ft. dist, and raised a
 mound of earth 1 1/2 ft.
 high, 2 ft. base, around
 post, from which
 a Pine 8 ins. diam. bro.
 N. 64° W. 39 lbs dist. marked
 S. C. 1/4 S. B.T.
 Thence I run from Stand-
 ard 1/4 sec. cor.
 East on a random line
 over gently rolling land.
 80.07 at this point the original
 Standard cor. to secs.
 32 and 33, bro. N. 62 lbs.
 dist,
 Therefore the course to it is
 N. 89° 07' E.
 I find a post properly

through E. 24 East count

cho. marked and firmly set, but
no pits, or marks, I
therefore dig pits $18 \times 18 \times$
 12 ins. N., E., and W. of post,
 $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. dist, and raised a
mound of earth 7 ft
high, $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. base, around
post, from which
a line 16 ins. diam. has
N. $67^{\circ} 30'$ E. 82 lbs. dist
marked T. 25 N R 4 E. S. 33 B.T.
Land, nearly level.

• Soil, stony, 2nd rate.

Timber, scattering pine,
and cedar brush.

East on a random line
on S. bdy of sec. 33.

Var. $12^{\circ} 46'$ East

Sixth Standard North

- chs. at this point the variation decreased on account of local attraction. over gently rolling land,
Descent 20 ft.
- 26.00 Foot of descent, open flat.
- 40.01 I find the Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor, a stone firmly set and properly marked as described in the field notes furnished by Surveyor General
- 46.42 Road, course N.W. and S.E.
- 60.00 Enter scattering pine-
- 80.42 The original Standard cor to sec. 33 and 34 has N. 25 lks. dist.
Therefore the course to it is N. 89° 39' E.

through range 4 East (ctd)

cho. I find a stone firmly set
out properly marked as
described in the field notes
furnished by Surveyor
General, from which
a Pinon & ins. diam. has
N. $81^{\circ} 30'$ W. 111 lks. dist.

marked T. 25 N. R. 4 W. S. 33 S. T.

Land, almost level.

Soil, stony 2nd rate.

Timber, scattering pine.

East on a random line
on S. bay of sec. 34.

Var. $14^{\circ} 47'$ East.

at this point the variation
increases on account of
local attraction.

over rolling land, though

Sixth Standard North

- chs. scattering timber
- 100 Leave timber, enter open park.
- 20.00 Descent gradually, 25 ft.
- 40.00 Foot of descent.
- 40.42 at this point the original standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. brs. S 70 lbs. dist.
- Therefore the course to it is S. 89° 00' E.
- I find a stone firmly set and properly marked as described in the field notes furnished by the Surveyor General
- Thence I run from Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
- East on a random line
- 60.00 Enter scattering pine.

through R. H East. (ctd)

cto

70.00 ascent 100 ft.

80.78 I find the standard cor.
to secs 34 and 35, which
is a stone firmly set
and properly marked and
witnessed as described
in the field notes fur-
nished by Gurney or
General.

Land, ralling.

Soil, stony, 2nd rate.

Timber, scattering pine.

East on a random line
on S. bdy of sec. 35.

Var. 140 45' East.

over ralling land.

ascent 40 ft.

8.00

Top of ascent.

Smith Standard north

- chs. descend 75 ft.
- 20.00 Enter open prairie with
a few scattering pine
and cedar.
- 33.00 Foot of descent.
- 39.50 Road, course N. and S.
- 40.25 at this point the original
Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. has
S 60 lbs. dist.
Therefore the true course to it is
S. 89° 09' E.
- I find a stone firmly
set and properly marked as
described in the field
notes furnished by the
Surveyor General.
Thence I run from the
Standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
East on a random line

through R. 4 E. cont'd

cho

Var. $170^{\circ} 23'$ East.

at this point the variation decreases on account of local attraction.

50.61. Over nearly level land, at this point the original standard cor. to sec. 35 and 36 has N. 47° E. dist.

Therefore the course to it is N. $89^{\circ} 20'$ E.

I find a stone firmly set, and marked with 1 notch on E. and 5 notches on W. faces, with mound of stone, alongside.

No S. C. on stone.

I therefore marked it S. C.

Sixth Standard North

chs. on N. face.

Land, nearly level.

Soil, stony, 2^d and 3^d rate.

Timber, a few scattering
pines

East on a random line
on S. bdy of sec. 36.

Var. 120° 01' East

at this point the var-
iation decreased on ac-
count of local attraction.

Over nearly level land.

40.42 at this point the original
Standard 1/4 sec. cor. bro.
S 52 lbs. dist.

Therefore the cause to it is

S 89° 15' E.

I find a mound of stone but

through R. & E. (contd)

As no stone marked for Standard
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. I therefore
 re-establish this cor. by
 setting a malpais stone
 $14 \times 12 \times 10$ ins. 9 ins. in
 the ground for Standard
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. marker B.C. $\frac{1}{4}$
 on N. face, and raised a
 mound of stone, covered
 with earth $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft high,
 2 ft. base, alongside.

Pits impracticable

Thence I run from Standard
 $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.

East on a random line

Var. $130^{\circ} 45' E.$

at this point the variation
 increases on account of
 local attraction.

South Stand. N. thro. R 4 E. contd

chs. over level land.

80.76 at this point the original
standard cor. to ~~the~~ 25 N.
R. 4 and 5 E. hrs. S. 27 lbs.
dist.

Therefore the course to it is
S. 89° 37' E.

I find a post firmly set
and properly marked and
witnessed as described
in the field notes furnished
by the Surveyor General
Land, rolling and level.
Soil, stony, 7 or 8 ft.

Timber, a few scatter-
ing pines.

April 28, 1894

Sixth stand. N. thro. R. 5 E.

Obs. at the standard cor to
 Tps. 25 N. R. 4 and 5 E.
 in latitude $35^{\circ}28' N$, longi-
 tude $111^{\circ}53' W$. on the
 night of April 28, 1894. I
 take an observation on
 Polaris, in accordance
 with instructions con-
 tained in the Manual,
 and at $8^h 10^m$ P.M. local
 mean time I find the
 magnetic bearing of the
 star to be $N. 13^{\circ}50' W$.
 I drive a picket on the
 line thus established
 7 chains north of the
 corner.
 correct local mean time
 of observation, April 28. $8^h 10^m$

Sixth standard north

chs Tabular time of U.C. Polaris.
 (Table 2) April 15 $23^{\text{h}} 39.4^{\text{m}}$
 Reduction 12 days
 $3.99 \times 13 = 47.16$ Subtract 4.72
 L. m. of U.C. Polaris Apr. 28 $22^{\text{h}} 52.2'$
 Which taken from time of observation
 leaves true angle of Polaris $9^{\text{h}} 18.0^{\text{m}}$
 Azimuth of Polaris.
 for Lat. $35^{\circ} 28' N.$ table 2. $0.58 W.$
 North end of Needle $13.58 E.$
 The difference is the Variation $12^{\circ} 52' E.$
 I lay off the azimuth to
 the west and mark the true
 meridian so determined
 by driving a piece 5.00
 chains N. of the Cor.
 April 28, 1894.

at 6.40 a.m. April 29, 9

through R. S. E. contd.

do take the magnetic bearing of the true meridian established last night and find the variation to be $12^{\circ}52'$ East

at $6^h 45^m$ a. m. l. m. t.

I set off $35^{\circ}28'$ N. on the lat. arc, $14^{\circ}35'$ N. on the decl. arc. and determine a true meridian with the solar apparatus by p.m. and a.m. observations define position for the true meridian the same as that established by Polaris observations, therefore I conclude that the adjustments of the

Sixth Standard North

chs. instrument are satisfactory.

From the standard cor. to Sp. 25 N. Co. 4 and 5 E. as hereinbefore described

Run

East along S. ldy of sec. 31.

Var. $13^{\circ} 34'$ East

over level land.

19.00 Wash, 6 ft. deep, course N.W.

24.00 ascent 50 ft.

40.18 Top of ascent.

at this point the original stand. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. br. S. 51 lks. dist.

Therefore the course to it is S. $89^{\circ} 16'$ E.

I find a mepais stone

through R. 5 E contd.

cho. firmly set and marked $\frac{1}{4}$
on N. face, with a
mass of stone, alongside
No B.C. on stone, I
therefore mark it B.C.

on N. face, from which
a Pine 16 in. diam has
S. 50 12' E. 70 lbs. dist.

marked $\frac{1}{4}$ B.B.T., no B.C.

I therefore prefix the
letters B.C.

Thence I run from
standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec cor -

East on a random line

75.00 wash, 4 ft. deep cause N.W.
ascend 20 ft.

77.00 Top of ascent

80.99 at this point the original
standard cor to sec. 3, and

Synth Standard North

chs 32 bro. b. 61 lks. dist.
 therefore the course to it is
 S. 89° 08' E

I find a stone firmly
 set and properly marked
 and witnessed, as de-
 scribed in the field
 notes furnished by the
 Surveyor General.
 Land, level and rolling.
 Soil, stony, 3rd and 4th rate.
 No timber.

East on a random line
 along S. bdy of sec. 32.

Var. 11° 56' East.

at this point the variation
 has decreased on account
 of local attraction.

through R. 5 E. contd.

cho

24.00 Descent 30 ft.

25.30 Ravine, 6 ft. deep, course N.W.
ascend 40 ft.

28.00 Top of ascent and descent
gradually 30 ft.

40.29 at this point the original
stans $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. bro. S.
85 lbs dist, therefore the
true course to it is
S. $88^{\circ}47'$ E.

I find a volcanic
stone firmly set and
marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S. on the
N. face. I mark it S.C.
on N. face, and raise a
mound of stones along-
side, from which
a Pine 40 ins. diam bro.
S $1^{\circ}19'$ E. 36 lbs. dist.

Sixth Standard North

- chs. marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S. B.T.
- a Pine 20 ins. diam-
ber. N. $57^{\circ}46'$ E. 67 lbs.
- dist. marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S. B.T.
- I prefix the letter S.C.
on each tree
- Thence I run for stand-
ard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.
- East on a random line
' Var. $11^{\circ}52'$ East.
- over broken land
- 40.65 Wash 6 ft. deep, course N.,
ascend gradually 35 ft.
- 47.00 Top of ridge, course N.
Descent 40 ft.
- 59.00 Foot of descent, ravine
8 ft. deep, course N.
- 65.00 ascend 50 ft.
- 79.00 Top of ascent.

through R. 5 E. cont'd

cho

80.49 at this point the original standard cor. to sec.

32 and 33, hrs. N. 10 lbs
dist, therefore the true
course to it is

N. $89^{\circ} 51'$ E.

I find a stone firmly
set and marked with
4 notches on the E. and
2 notches on the W. faces.
I mark the stone S.C.
on the N. face, and
raise a mound of stone
alongside.

Land, broken and rolling.
Soil, stony, 2^o and 3rd rate.
Timber, scattering pine
with Juniper brush.

Sixth Standard North

chs. East on a random line
along S. bdy of sec. 33.

Var. $16^{\circ} 33' E.$

at this point the variation has increased on account of local attraction.

over rolling land

16.00 Road from Cedar Ranch
to Williams, course
N. E. and S. W.

40.36 at this point the original
standard $1/4$ sec. cor. brs.
N. 28 lks. dist., therefore
the true course to it is
N. $89^{\circ} 36' E.$

I find a small stone
marked $1/4 S.$, and a
mass of stone.

through R. 5 E. (contd)

ch. 9 re-establish this cor.
by setting a sandstone
14 x 10 x 6 ins. 9 ins. in
the ground for standard
1/4 sec. cor. marked 1/4
B.C. on N. face and raised
a mound of stone 1 1/2 ft.
high, 3 ft. base, alongside
Thence I run from stand-
ard 1/4 sec. cor

East on a random line

Var. 15° 01' East

at this point the var-
iation has decreased
on account of local
attraction.

70.00 Descend 30 ft.

76.35 Wash, 6 ft. deep, course N.W.

77.00 Road, course N. and S.

Sixth Standard North

cho.

80.72

at this point the original standard cor. to sec. 33 and 34, has S. 27 lks. dist. therefore the true bearing to it is S 89° 37' E. I find a post properly marked lying on the ground. I re-establish cor. in its original position by setting post 18 ins. in the ground, dug pits 18 x 18 x 12 ins. N., E., and W. of post, 5 1/2 ft. dist. and raised a mound of earth 3 ft. high, 5 ft. base, alongside, from which a Pine 16 ins. diam. has S. 78° 10' W. 29 lks.

through R. 5 E. east)

chs dist. marked T. 24 N. R. 5 E.
 Sec. 4 B.T., which I remark
 T. 25 N. R. 5 E. S. 33-34 B.T.
 a Pine 20 ins. diam. hrs.
 N. $0^{\circ} 3' E.$ 125 lbs. dist. marked
 T. 25 N. R. 5 E. S. 34 B.T.

at this standard cor. I
 set off $14^{\circ} 30' N.$ on the decl.
 arc, and at 11^h 57^m. a.m.
 l.m. & observe the Sun
 on the Meridian, the
 resulting latitude is
 $35^{\circ} 28' N.$ the true latitude
 nearly.

Thence I run
 East on a random line
 along S. bdy of sec. 34.

British Standard North

chs.

Var. $13^{\circ} 31'$ East

at this point the variation has decreased on account of local attraction.

Over mountainous land, through scattering and thick timber, and some dense undergrowth.

Ascend N. slope of Slate Mountain, about 900 ft

39.00 at this point the original stand $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. has N. $33'$ lks. dist, therefore the true bearing to it is N. $89^{\circ} 32' E$.

I find a stone firmly set out properly marked and witnessed as des.

through R. 5 E. (contd)

obs. cribed in the field notes furnished by Surveyor General, except that no B.C. marked on stone. I mark stone B.C. on N. face.

Thence I run from Standard 1/4 sec. cor.

East on a random line

64.00 Top of Slate Mountain, nearly round.

Descent about 200 ft.

78.16 at this point the original standard cor. to secs. 34 and 35, bis. S. 53 lks. dist. therefore the true course to it is S. 89° 14' East.

I find a stone firmly

Sixth Standard North

chs. set and properly marked
and witnessed as described
in the field notes furnished
by the Surveyor General
except no G.C.

9 mark G.C. on N. face of
stone.

Land, mountainous,
Soil, stony, 2^d and 3^d rate.
Timber, good pine and fir,
mountainous and thick
timber, 78.16 chs.

East on a random line
along E. bdy sec. 35.

Var. $13^{\circ} 40'$ East.

over mountainous land,
through thick timber
Descent 700 ft.

through R. 5 E. (cont'd)

cho

39.25 at this point the original
standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. hrs.

S. 38 lks. dist, therefore the
true course to it is

S $89^{\circ}27'$ E.

I find a post properly mark-
ed lying on the ground.

I re-establish this cor.

by setting post 2 ft. in
the ground, dug pits $18 \times$

18×12 ins E. and W. of

post $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. dist. ~~E. and~~

~~W. of post~~, and raised a

mound of earth 2 ft high,

4 ft. base, around post,

from which,

a Pine 20 ins. diam. hrs.

S. $40^{\circ}29'$ E. 8 lks. dist,

marked S. C. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. B. T.

Sixth Standard North

- ch₂ Thence I run E. from
Standard 1/4 sec. cor. and
a random line.
Var. $130^{\circ}54' E.$
Over rolling broken land.
Descent 40 ft.
- 43.00 Ravine, 10 ft deep, course N.E.
Ascent 30 ft.
- 45.00 Top of ridge, course N. + S.
Descent 30 ft.
- 55.00 Ravine, 4 ft. deep, course N.
Ascent 50 ft.
- 60.00 Top of ridge, course N.
Descent 70 ft.
- 69.00 Foot of descent.
Thence over level land.
- 76.80 Road, course N. W. + S. E.
- 79.73 at this point the original standard cor. to

through R. 5 E. cont.

chs. secs. 35 and 36, hwy. S. 57th chs.
 dist. therefore the true
 bearing to it is $89^{\circ} 11' E.$
 I find a stone firmly set
 and properly marked and
 witnesses as described
 in the field notes fur-
 nished by the Surveyor
 General.

Land, mountainous and
 level.

Soil, stony, 20 and 30 rods.
 Timber, good pine
 mountainous and heavily
 timbered land, 79.73 chs.

E. on a random line
 along S. hdy of sec. 36.

Var. $140^{\circ} 30'$ East.

Sixth Standard North

- chs. at this point the var. has increased on account of local attraction.
over level land.
- .50 Leave timber, enter open prairie
- 18.80 Wash, 3 ft. deep, course N.
- 20.00 Leave open prairie, enter scattering pine and brush
- 40.58 at this point the original standard $1/4$ sec. cor. has E. 16 lbs. dist. therefore the true course to it is $S 89^{\circ} 46' E$.
- I find a stone firmly set and properly marked and witnessed as described in the field notes furnished by the Surveyor

through R. 5 E. (contd)

42.00 Generally, except on mark of B. C.
I mark B. C. on N. fall of
stone,

Thence I run from standard
1/4 sec. cor. E. on a
random line.

Var. $15^{\circ} 14' E$.

at this point the variation
has increased on account
of local attraction.

over mountainous land,
through scattering brush.

43.00 ascends the N. slope of a
red butte about 300 ft. high.

68.00 Top of butte, course N. and S.
Descent 300 ft.

80.80 At this point the original
standard cor to Spc 25
N. Rs. 5 and 6 E. hrs. N. 50 lks

Lyth stand. North

chs. dist. therefore the true
course to it is $N. 89^{\circ} 17' E.$
I put a stone firmly
set, and properly marked
and witnessed as des-
cribed in the field
notes furnished by the
Surveyor General
Land, level and mountainous.
Soil, 2^d and 3^d rate.
No timber.

mountainous land 37 chs.
April 29, 1894.

At the standard cor. to
2 ps. 25 N. Rs 5 and 6 E. in
lat. $35^{\circ} 28' N.$, long. 111°
 $46' W.$ at 8^h p. m. l. m. t.
I take an observation on

through R. C. T. (east)

Obs. Polaris, in accordance
with instructions in
the Manual, and find the
magnetic bearing of the
Star to be N. 70° 49' W.
I drive a picket on the
line thus found, four
chains N. of the sun.

correct ~~L. m. T.~~ of observation 8^h 00

Tabular time of U.C. Polaris Apr. 15, 23^h 39.4^m

Reduction 13 days $3.93 \times 13 = 51.1$ Sub. 51.1

L. m. T. of U.C. Polaris Apr. 28, 22^h 48.3

Which taken from time of

observation least hour angle Polaris. 9. 11. 7

Azimuth of Polaris Lat. 35° 28' N. 1° 32' W.

North end of meridian. 7. 49' E

The difference is the Variation 6. 47' E

Which is also the mean Variation
I lay off the azimuth to the west and
mark the true meridian composed by
driving a picket on line E. of the N. of above
April 29, 1897

Sixth Standard North

chs

April 30, At 7 A. M.
 l. m. t. I take the mag-
 netic bearing of the line
 established last night and
 find it to be $N. 7^{\circ} 51' W.$ and
 the variation $6^{\circ} 51' East.$
 The mean variation is $6^{\circ} 49' E.$
 at 7^h a. m. l. m. t. I set
 off $35^{\circ} 28' N.$ on the lat. arc
 and $14^{\circ} 54' N.$ on the decl.
 arc, and determine a
 true meridian with the
 solar. The solar apparatus
 by p. m. and a. m. obser-
 vations defines position
 for true meridian prac-
 tically the same as that
 established by the Polaris
 observations, therefore I
 conclude that the adjust-

through R. 6 E. (cont'd)

checks of the instrument
are satisfactory

Note. There is some local
attraction here.

Thence I run
E. on a random line
along E. bdy of sec. 31.

Var. $6^{\circ}49'$ East.

over rolling broken land.
Descent 50 ft.

5.00 Ravine, 5 ft. deep, course N.
ascends gradually 30 ft.

9.00 Leave scattering timber

21.00 Top of ascent.

40.67 at this point the original
standard $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. bro.

N. 11 sbs. dist, therefore the
true course to it is

N. $89^{\circ}50'$ E.

Sixth Stand. N. thro. R G E. cor.

cho. I find a volcanic stone
12 x 10 x 9 ins firmly set
out a mound of stone 1 1/2
ft. high, 3 ft. base. No
marks on stone.

I therefore mark S. C. 1/4 on
N. face, from which
A fine 20 ins. diam line
N. 75° 19' W. 196 lbs. dist.
marked S. C. 1/4 S. B. T.

Thence I run from stand
and 1/4 sec. cor. E. on a
random line

Var. 14° 26' E.

at this point the var-
iation has increased on
account of local attraction

50.00 Descent 20 ft.

58.00 Foot of descent, enter